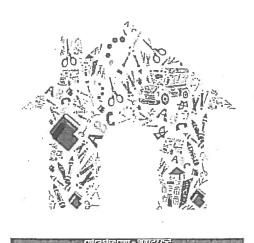
Toolkit For School Success



Occupational Therapy Department
Fulton County School System

This resource guide is designed to provide teachers with strategies and interventions for students with observed deficits in fine motor and/or self-help skills. Tier 2 strategies require no specialized materials or equipment. Most of the interventions in Tier 3 also utilize typical classroom tools or inexpensive materials easily obtained from discount stores. Those interventions in **bold type** can be purchased from specialty stores and catalogues listed below.

Retail Stores

Dollar Store

Hobby Lobby

JoAnn's Fabrics

Michaels Craft Stores

Office Depot

Office Max

Staples

Target

Walmart

Specialty Stores/Catalogues

Abilitations (www.schoolspecialty.com)

Onion Mountain (www.onionmountaintech.com)

Pocket Full of Therapy (www.pfot.com)

Really Good Stuff (www.reallygoodstuff.com)

School Box (www.schoolbox.com)

Therapro (www.therapro.com)

COLORING/DRAWING/PRE-WRITING

TEACHER REPORTS	Tier 2	Tier 3
	INTERVENTIONS/STRATEGIES	INTERVENTIONS/STRATEGIES
Breaks crayons when coloring	Place sandpaper under paper	Use twistable crayons
	Use crayons ½ inch or less	
	Use thick crayons	
	Use a marker	
	Use a mechanical colored pencil	
Heavy pressure when coloring or writing	Provide mechanical pencils	Place dycem or shelf liner under paper
	Place cardboard under paper	
	Place paper on mat	
	Practice drawing on balloons or Styrofoam cups	
Light pressure when coloring or writing	Use softer lead pencil (#4)	Use charcoal sketch pencil
	Place paper on soft surface (magazine)	Provide weighted pencil
	Provide markers	Provide oil based crayons
	Flovide markers	Use carbon paper
	Write on vertical surface (place paper on 3 inch binder)	
Does not color within age appropriate boundaries	Mark boundaries with Elmer's glue	Mark boundaries with Wikki Stix
	Have student trace borders first	Mark boundaries with puffy paint
	Highlight borders	
Can not imitate - , I, O	Trace	Tracing application/software
	Practice in shaving cream	, and the second second
	Practice with rhyme/song	
	Practice in sand	
	Use water/brush on sidewalk	2
	Play tic tac toe	

COLORING/DRAWING/PRE-WRITING

Can not draw simple shape (circle, square, triangle)	Trace	Tracing application/software
	Highlight corners and have student 'connect dots'	



TEACHER REPORTS	Tier 2	Tier 3
	STRATEGIES/INTERVENTIONS	STRATEGIES/INTERVENTIONS
Fisted/unusual pencil grasp	Use a golf-size pencil	Wrap pencil/crayon with a small piece of dycem, drawer liner or
	Break crayons/pencils in half	other non-slip material. Hot goue or attach at top and
	Mark finger placement on pencil with tape.	bottom to the pencil/crayon.
	Write while on hands and knees	Place a small ball/eraser/makeup sponge in hand to hold with
	Use 3 ring binder to elevate work	baby finger and ring finger to promote 3 finger grasp
	Write on vertical surface	Use pencil grip: Grotto, Start
	Place rubber band near tip of	Right, Jumbo or Stettro Grip
	pencil	Pipsqueak markers
	Place drop of liquid paper or sticker on pencil and have them	
	cover it with their thumb when writing	
Poor letter formation (e.g.	Practice writing 10-15 minutes	Handwriting Without Tears song
bottom to top)	per day. Brief but quality instruction and practice pays off	"Where Do You Begin Letters"
(Note: first teach concepts:	(at home and at school).	Alphabet Beats DVD
top/bottom/middle)	Practice by tracing with fingers	Keyboarding
	Practice on vertical surface (easel/slant board/binder cover)	
	Lay on back, turn out lights and write the letters on the ceiling with a flashlight	∓
	Write on white paper with white crayon then paint over the top	
	Use of tape or clip to stabilize	

	paper.	
	Rainbow writing – trace over a	
	letter or number with 3-5 colors.	
	Then have the student write the	
	letter or number independently.	
1	Do-los latinos de la	
	Make letters with cooked	
	spaghetti, shaving cream, finger paint with pudding, write on	
1.0	windows with Vis-à-vis markers	
Words all run together (no	Initially overemphasize large	Use Readi-space paper
spaces)	spacing. It is easier to help a	ose readi space paper
	student decrease large spaces	Keyboarding
(Note: first teach concept	than it is to teach a student to	
'space')	use spacing.	
	_	
	Use Popsicle stick to mark in	
	between words while writing.	-
	Paint the tip of it with Whiteout	
	to reinforce the concept of a	
	blank space.	
	Han notes a south	
	Use extra pencil to mark in	
	between words while writing	
	Use finger to mark in between	
	words while writing	
	Use coin or Bingo chip to mark in	
	between word while writing	
	Put dashes in between words	
	Practice writing words in boxes	
	Tunn line di non a CO*	
	Turn lined paper 90* and use	2
	columns with raised line edges to help students space properly	
	between letters (also can use	
	with math problems to keep	
i	columns straight).	
Writes with reversals (e.g. b/d,	Alphabet strip on desk	Use Handwriting Without
p/q)		Tears"Magic C" strategies
	March in place, touching	- The state of the
	opposite hand to leg to	Keyboarding
	encourage crossing of midline	_
		Ì

	Teach 'bed' strategy	
		=
	17	
Large letters	Highlight the line	Use Wikki Stix to mark
	(green/yellow/red)	top/bottom lines
Does not write on line		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(4)	Write on strips of paper	HiWrite paper
(Note: first teach concept 'on')		
Does not write within defined	Write in boxes (hand draw or	Raised line paper
space	create using Word)	Write in graph paper
	Use of tape or clip to stabilize	Donnayoung.org(highlight
	paper	paper)
		(1-1-1-1)
Writes R to left	Place sticker/green dot on left	Readi-space paper
	side of the paper	
	Play Simon Says game to	Mandanan
	increase body awareness	Meade paper
	Place paper off center	
Gets tired writing/writes slowly	Use mechanical pencil	Increase hand strength by
	14/	playing with Leggos, snap blocks,
	Write on slanted surface (3 ring binder cover)	(see list of hand games in
	bilder cover)	Appendix)
	Shorten assignment	Playdough
		. layabagii
	Have student place both hands	Introduce to keyboarding
	palm down on desk and spread	
	their fingers apart then slide	Use Pipsqueak markers
	them back together.	Ergo Sof Don Ameiro
	Have students bend their wrists	Ergo-Sof PenAgain
	up and down several times with	Evo-pen
-	both fisted and open hands.	
		Word prediction software with
	Have student stand and place	auditory feedback (this is on the
	both hands palm down on their desks. Keeping elbows straight,	FCSS network)
	ask them to push down on their	
	desks for count of 5. Repeat	6
	several times.	
		ľ

Increase hand strength by cutting thick paper	
Take a break during writing by doing jumping jacks, or standing to turn in a circle before resuming.	

SCISSOR SKILLS

TEACHER REPORTS	Tier 2	Tier 3
	STRATEGIES/INTERVENTIONS	STRATEGIES/INTERVENTIONS
Resists cutting activities	Practice first without doing any	Use loop scissors
	cutting; pretend scissors are	
	'talking' to each other, first	
	slow/then fast.	
	Practice cutting play dough	
	Practice cutting licorice/then eat	
(40)	Practice cutting drinking straws	
	Use rhyme/song to engage	
Cuts slowly or fatigues quickly	Precut part of project	Increase strength for cutting by
		engaging in activities with spray
		bottles
1, 11		
Unable to open scissors or	Put rubber band around handle	Self- opening (spring loaded)
scissors get stuck in closed	so does not completely close	scissors
position		
Unable to cut across paper	Practice with smaller pieces of	Increase hand strength through
onable to cut up ess pape.	paper	games using tweezers or tongs
	pape.	garries asing tweezers or tongs
	Precut part of project	
	Use sturdier paper	
	(construction/craft paper)	
Unable to cut on line	Bold/highlight the line	Outline the shape with hot glue
		to form a border to cut on.
	Start with straight edges	
	Widen line with marker	
Unable to cut simple shapes	Place stickers on corners	
y.	Place dots on corners; connect	
	dots with scissors	
	Trim edges of shapes	
Unable to rotate paper for	Use song/rhyme	

SCISSOR SKILLS

cutting	Use visual cues on transition points (e.g. stickers on corners) Teach student to cut to the edge of the paper to remove any excess paper and then come back with a straight cut instead of turning at a corner. Right handed students should cut counter clockwise. Left handed student should cut clockwise.	
Choppy cutting pattern (Note: this may not be a problem)	Practice having scissors 'talk to each other' without cutting.	Tweezers/tong games
Holds scissors upside down	Establish cue 'thumbs up' Place colored tape/sticker on thumb hole	

SELF HELP SKILLS

TEACHER REPORTS/OBSERVES	TIER 2	TIER
	STRATEGIES/INTERVENTIONS	23STRATEGIES/INTERVENTIONS
Difficulty donning on/off jacket	Lay on ground, put arms in and flip over head	Provide visual sequence with pictures or video tape
	Put weaker/non-dominant arm in first	Provide dress up box in centers
	Color code sleeve, put colored sticker/dot on each hand and match to sleeve	
Difficulty with buttoning	Push/pull quarters/tokens/poker chips through slit in plastic lid	Dressing vest
	Practice with clothing off body	Enlarge button holes/large buttons
		Provide dress up box in centers
		Strengthen hands with pinching tasks (e.g. Playdough or Theraputty)
Difficulty tying shoes	Practice with pipe cleaners	Red Lace/Yellow Lace book
	Practice with jump rope	Replace laces with 2 different colors
		Practice with wired ribbon
		Elastic laces
		Video modeling
Difficulty zipping	Paint ends of zipper with nail polish/Whiteout	Dressing vest
	Attach string/pipe cleaner/key chain/safety pin or bread tie to end as a pull	
	Make sure jacket is not too small/use a larger jacket.	*
Difficulty scooping food	Use real spoon (not spork)	Use scoop plate/bowl
	Practice scooping beans of	Toy hammering games/activities

SELF HELP SKILLS

	different sizes	
	Bend spoon	Place Dycem or drawer liner under plate
		Weighted spoons
Difficulty drinking from straw	Blow bubbles for practice	Use larger diameter straw
	Cut straw shorter	Use piece of tubing
	Squeeze juice box to help facilitate suction	One way valve straws
	Make sure head is in normal position	
Difficulty drinking from open cup	Use medicine cup from clinic	Use 3 oz Dixie cup
	Practice /m/ sound	Nosey cup
	Use Styrofoam cup with cut out	
	Practice with thick liquids	
	Practice with colored water	
	Use only small amount of liquid (2 T) in cup	
Difficulty carrying lunch tray	Practice first with empty tray	Place tray in basket
	Make sure items are evenly distributed on tray	Use solid plastic tray rather than foam
	Carry milk separately	
Needs to stabilize containers on body to open	Practice opening containers while standing up.	Place item on non-slip shelf liner or Dycem
(Note: this may be a functional accommodation for some students that does not need to	Practice with empty containers first	Finger strengthening activities using spring type clothes pins
be addressed)	Strengthen hands by tearing/ripping different	
Difficulty opening containers at lunch	thicknesses of paper	

SELF HELP SKILLS

Difficulty managing food smells	Put a pleasant odor on wrist and train student to smell his wrist when in the presence of offending odors Have student sit at end of lunch table Gradually increase time spent in café	Apply flavored/scented Chapstick or Blistex on lips before entering café. Take a small container of a pleasant smelling lotion in to the café. Provide peppermints or gum Provide cut lime/lemon/orange
Difficulty managing noise in cafeteria or bathroom.	Provide cotton balls from clinic	Allow headphones or MP3 players Provide ear plugs
Avoids messy media	Offer plastic gloves to protect hands Offer a tool instead of direct contact (e.g. stick, paint brush) Pair with a child who enjoys messy media Offer praise for participation but NEVER force the student to participate. Provide wet towel during activity	Social Stories

TRANSITIONS/PERSONAL SPACE/SENSORY PROCESSING

TEACHER REPORTS	Tier 2	Tier 3
Sits on feet	INTERVENTIONS/STRATEGIES	INTERVENTIONS/STRATEGIES
Sits off feet	Allow for alternative seating –	Use Theraband on chair legs (can
Sits on knees to do work	tape paper to wall or white	make one with pantyhose or
Sits off knees to do work	board and let student work on	bungee cord)
Leans on elbows to do work	vertical plane.	
Leans on elbows to do work		Move n Sit Cushion
Falls out of chair		*
Does not maintain space on	Outline space on carpet with	Make a mat out of newspaper
carpet	tape	and cover it with plastic or cloth
	Seat on outside of circle or in last	(so ink doesn't transfer).
	row	Movement on paper provides auditory feedback.
	Allow to lean on something	
	Provide a fidget	
Touches others or materials	Provide a fidget	Social Stories
without permission		
-		
Does not walk in line in hallway	Have students pretend to be	
	sharks and clasp hand in front of	
	themselves for more core	
	stability.	
	Give student something to carry	
	in hallway	
Does not tolerate noises	See Toolkit.SELF HELP	
·	S=	
Does not tolerate sounds	Con Toolkin CELEURIS	
poes not tolerate sounds	See Toolkit.SELF HELP	1
ow level of alertness (falls	Provide midmorning snack	Hard sour candy

TRANSITIONS/PERSONAL SPACE/SENSORY PROCESSING

asleep, sluggish, slow mover)		
·	Have student run an errand in the building or get a drink	Allow student to chew gum
	Give movement break	Have student sit on Move N Sit or Disco Sit or underinflated beach ball
	Provide break for heavy work	

VISUAL SKILLS

TEACHER REPORTS Tier2 Tier3			
	INTERVENTIONS/STRATEGIES	Tier 3 INTERVENTIONS/STRATEGIES	
Difficulty scanning L to R	Place stickers on corners	Use red or yellow overlays	
	Place group det en land and det	(commercial or report covers	
	Place green dot on L and red dot on R corners	purchased from office supply store).	
	Place marker on L side and move to right as reads	Easy Reader	
	Use finger to guide eye		
	Use ReadOutloud software highlighting text		
	Create a template or reading guide from a file folder. Cut a window in the folder and slip paper in so that all other areas are occluded on the page.		
Difficulty tracing	Place dots on corners/transition	Tracing application/software	
	points and 'connect the dots'		
	Highlight borders	Use Changeables markers	
	Make lines wider		
	Enlarge design to be traced		
	First trace with finger then utensil		
Difficulty copying from board	Seat away from distractions	Provide desk copy	
	Read the word/sentence and then copy	Provide copy of notes from teacher or peer	
	Erase all unnecessary items from the board		
	Provide information in list format		
	Use alternating color of		

VISUAL SKILLS

_	markers/chalk on board	
Perseverates on visual stimuli (e.g. spinning objects)	Provide vestibular input followed by heavy work (see Appendix) Provide opportunities in day to engage in favorite visual activities	Study carrel (commercial or made out of 3 pieces of cardboard duct-taped together)
Loses place while reading	Use index card, construction paper or ruler as reading guide Make a reading guide by cutting a window in a file folder and slipping paper in folder Use finger as a guide Use small penlight or flashlight to track	Easy Readers Yellow highlighter strips Colored overlays/colored binder dividers or report covers (try yellow or blue) NItewriter Pen